

1 8. The radiation therapy device of claim 2, wherein said second
2 collimator is controllable to selectively collimate an electron beam
3 generated by said electron radiation source.

1 9. The radiation therapy device of claim 1, wherein said first and said
2 second collimators are controllable to selectively collimate said beam.

1 10. The radiation therapy device of claim 1, further comprising:
2 a helium-filled container, positioned along said beam path between
3 said beam source and said second collimator.

1 11. The radiation therapy device of claim 1, further comprising a control
2 unit coupled to said radiation source and to said first and said second
3 collimator drives to selectively deliver a prescribed dose of radiation to said
4 treatment area.

1 12. The radiation therapy device of claim 11, wherein said control unit is
2 operable to control said radiation source to generate a photon beam and to
3 cause said second collimator drive to position leaves of said second
4 collimator away from said beam path to deliver a prescribed dose of photon
5 radiation to said treatment area.

1 13. The radiation therapy device of claim 11, wherein said control unit is
2 operable to control said radiation source to generate an electron beam and
3 to cause said first collimator drive to position leaves of said first collimator

4 away from said beam path to deliver a prescribed dose of electron
5 radiation to said treatment area.

1 14. A radiation therapy device, comprising:

2 a control unit;

3 a radiation source, controlled by said control unit to generate one of
4 a photon beam and an electron beam along a beam path toward a
5 treatment area;

6 a first collimator, positioned between said radiation source and said
7 treatment area, said first collimator selectively positioned by said control
8 unit to collimate said photon beam; and

9 a second collimator, removably mounted between said first
10 collimator and said treatment area, said second collimator selectively
11 positioned by said control unit to collimate said electron beam.

1 15. The radiation therapy device of claim 14, wherein said second
2 collimator is removably mounted on an accessory tray of said radiation
3 therapy device.

1 16. The radiation therapy device of claim 14, further comprising:
2 a container positioned along said beam path between said first and
3 second collimators.

1 17. The radiation therapy device of claim 16, wherein said container is
2 filled with helium.

1 18. The radiation therapy device of claim 15, further comprising drive
2 electronics coupled between said control unit and said second collimator,
3 said drive electronics mounted on an exterior of said accessory tray, and
4 operable to position individual leaves of said second collimator.

20. An electron collimator for use in collimating an electron beam in a radiation therapy device, the collimator comprising:

- drive electronics, removably mounted on an exterior of an accessory tray of said radiation therapy device; and
- a plurality of leaves positionable by said drive electronics to move across a path of said electron beam, said plurality of leaves removably mounted on said accessory tray of said radiation therapy device.

21. A radiation therapy device, comprising:
a radiation source positioned to selectively direct an electron beam and a photon beam along a beam path toward a treatment area;
a treatment head containing a first collimator controllable to selectively collimate said photon beam; and
a second collimator positioned between said first collimator and said treatment area and controllable to selectively collimate said electron beam.

1 22. A radiation therapy method, comprising:
 2 operating a radiation source to direct a beam from a treatment head
 3 along a beam path toward a treatment area;
 4 selectively controlling a first collimator to collimate said beam;
 5 selectively controlling a second collimator to collimate said beam,
 6 said second collimator removably positioned between said first collimator
 7 and said treatment area.

1 23. A radiation therapy method, comprising:
 2 selecting between an electron treatment beam and a photon
 3 treatment beam;
 4 directing said selected beam from a radiation source along a beam
 5 path toward a treatment area;
 6 selectively controlling a first collimator to collimate said selected
 7 beam if said selected beam is said photon beam; and
 8 selectively controlling a second collimator to collimate said selected
 9 beam if said selected beam is said electron beam, wherein said second
 10 collimator is positioned between said first collimator and said treatment
 11 area.